



International journal of basic and applied research

www.pragatipublication.com

ISSN 2249-3352 (P) 2278-0505 (E)

Cosmos Impact Factor-5.86

GSM-Based Auto-Identification and Engine Management

Mr. M ARUN RAJ, Mr. R NAGENDRA, Mr M V MAHESWAR REDDY,
Assistant Professor^{1,3} Associate Professor²
Department of ECE,

Viswam Engineering College (VISM) Madanapalle-517325 Chittoor District, Andhra Pradesh, India

Abstract:

An efficient automotive security system is implemented for anti-theft using an embedded system integrated with Global Positioning System (GPS) and Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM). System presented has Two types of tracking, one is online tracking with GPS system can only receive the vehicle location information from satellites and other is offline tracking. GSM system is installed in the vehicle for sending the information to the owner of the vehicle. The preventive measures like engine ignition cutoff is installed in the vehicle which is controlled using user or owner GSM mobile. The owner can lock or unlock his/her vehicle with the help of SMS. The system is implemented on general purpose printed circuit board (PCB) Using ARDUINO.

Index Terms: GSM, GPS, ARDUINO, SIM800L

I. INTRODUCTION

Vehicle tracking systems were first implemented for the shipping industry because people wanted to know where each vehicle was at any given time. These days, however, with technology growing at a fast pace, automated vehicle tracking system is being used for car theft detection which tracks and displays vehicle's locations in real-time. GPS is a real time satellite navigation system for three-dimensional position determination. The Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) is the second-generation digital cellular mobile network. Due to its wide availability, it is chosen as the medium for transfer of location information. The simple and inexpensive Short Message Service (SMS) allows user to send up to

160 characters. System presented here incorporates the development of in-vehicle tracking device to locate the coordinates of the vehicle stolen, which are then plotted on the Google map application to get the exact and accurate location. Also the developed system can switch-off the ignition of engine with the help of SMS.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Some people use the GPS system only to trace the vehicle location like the latitude, longitude and speed of the vehicle but not useful for controlling the vehicle. Some people use only GSM for controlling the vehicle but not useful to trace the vehicle, some researchers use GSM, GPS system to control the vehicle as well as to trace its location. The literature review of the work is as follows. Kaushik et al developed an anti-burglary vehicle security system, which uses thumb impression to start the vehicle. The authorized person's thumb impressions are stored in the database of the system. The vehicle is started if the finger print of the database is matched. If anyone accessed the vehicle by chance then the fuel tank will be emptied through the relay bolt fitted to the tank at the same time it gives alarm that the vehicle is theft so that the unauthorized person cannot refill the emptied fuel tank. S

[Index in Cosmos](#)

May 202 Volume 11 ISSUE 2

UGC Approved Journal



SPethakarusesGSM,GPS&RFIDsecurity systemfortaxilikevehicles.Forstarting the vehicle the worker must use theRFIDcardinwhichtheidentificationnumberisprovidedsuchthattheidentification numbers already preloaded into the database of the system, If the numberis matched, GPS and GSM comes in to playandsendsSMStothevehicleownerthelocation like latitude and longitude

October2017,Volume4,Issue10JETIR(ISSN-

2349-5162) JETIR1710060 Journal of

EmergingTechnologiesandInnovativeResearch (JETIR) www.jetir.org 367 of

thevehicle.Iftheownerdetectedthetheftbychance then he sends the SMS to the

GSMsuchthatitwilllockthedoors ofthevehicle.NagarajusedGSMsystem,Microcontroller,andrelayswitchforthe ignitionsystem.Itthefit isdetectedtheMicrocontrolleractivates theGSMsystemtosendSMStotheowner,Iftheowner gives reply to the SMS then the relay switchisactivatedanditdeactivates theignitionsystem.AlkhederusesGPS-GSMsystemthat usesGoogleearthapplication.Thesystem contains GPS module provided in thevehicle,thisGPSmoduleexchangesinformation with the GSM system to sendSMS to the owner. After getting SMS to theowner, he can trace the latitude, longitudeand speed of the vehicle using Google earthapplication.

EXISTINGSYSTEM

The GPS/ GSM Based System is

oneofthemostimportant systems,whichintegratebothGSMandGPSTEchnologies.Itisnecessarydueto themanyof applications of both GSM and GPS systemsand the wide usage of them by millions ofpeople throughout the world. This system isdesigned for users in land construction andtransportbusiness,providesreal-timeinformationsuch aslocation, speedandexpectedarrivaltimeoftheuserinmoving

vehicles.Thissystemmay

alsousefulforcommunicationprocessamongthetwopoints.CurrentlyGPSvehicletrackingensures theirsafetyastravelling.Thisvehicletrackingsystemfoundinclientsvehiclesasatheftpreventionandrescuedevice. Vehicle owner or police follow the signalemittedythetrackingsystemtolocate a robbed vehicle in parallel the stolenvehicle engine speed going to decreased andpushedto off.

Afterswitchoftheengine,motorcannotrestartwithoutpermissionofpassword. This system installed for the fourwheelers. Vehicle tracking is usually used

innavyoperatorsfornavymanagementfunctions,routing,sendoff,onboardinformationandsecurity.Theapplication include monitoring driving performance of aparent with a teen driver. Vehicle trackingsystems accepted in consumer vehicles as atheft prevention and retrieval device. If thetheft is identified, the system sends the SMStothevehicleowner.Afterthatvehicleowner sends the SMS to the controller, issuethenecessarysignals to stop the motor

A few of the leading manufacturingcountriesofcarsecuritysystemincludesChina, USA, Italy and India. Some of thehighlydemandedcarsecuritysystemsarelisted.

The power supply block powers thewhole system. Three voltage levels for thesystem which comprises the microcontroller,GPSmodule,GSMmodem,immobilizerandthecamerawouldbedesigned.Themicrocontroller and camera are separate anduse 5.0V each. The GSM and GPS modulesare combined on one board (called MG2639shield)hencetheyusethe samevoltagelevel which is 3.8V. The immobilizer (whichconsists basically a relay) operates at 12V,hence the three voltage levels are 3.8V, 5.0Vand12V.

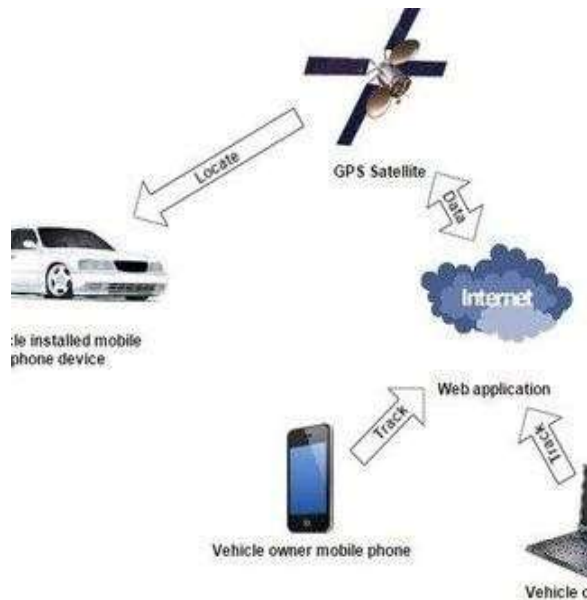


Fig1:ExistingSystem

PROPOSEDSYSTEM

Proposed Method In this proposed work, a novel method of vehicle tracking and locking system used to track the theft vehicle by using GPS and GSM technology. This system puts into sleeping mode while the vehicle handled by the owner or authorized person otherwise goes to active mode, the mode of operation changed by in person or remotely. If any interruption occurred in any side of the door, microcontroller is interrupted and SMS is sent to the microcontroller. The controller issues the message about the place of the vehicle to the car owner or authorized person. When send SMS to the controller, issues the control signal to the engine motor. Engine motor speeds are gradually decreases and come to the off place. After that all the doors locked. To open the door or restart the engine, authorized person needs to enter the passwords. In this method, tracking of vehicle place easy and doors locked automatically, thereby thief cannot get away from the car. The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a satellite based navigation system consists of a network of 24 satellites located into orbit. The system provides essential information to military, civil and commercial users around the world and which is freely accessible to anyone with a GPS receiver. GPS works in any weather



circumstances at any where in the world. Normally no subscription fees or system charges to utilize GPS.



Fig2:BlockDiagram

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

The software of the project is based on the flowchart in figure 3.4. If vehicle is forcefully ignited then automatically turn on anti-theft detection system. On the other hand, if vehicle is started in authorized way feedback system automatically disables the anti-theft detection system. When vehicle started forcefully a warning message is delivered to registered mobile number as "Car Started". Owner has access to stop the vehicle by sending the message "Stop" in relay and GPS enable the Arduino to send location coordinate. GPS attached to the Arduino enable GSM to send the live coordinates of the location in every 10 seconds. These coordinates when used in Google map help to locate the exact position of the vehicle.

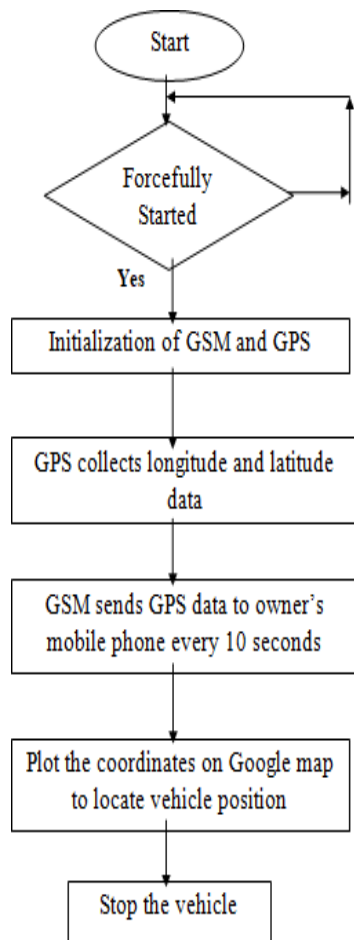


Fig3:FlowChar

RESULT

This proposed project model is tested by forcefully starting the vehicle as in case the vehicle is stolen. The results obtained are as per expectations of the project designed. As soon as the car is forcefully started by the unauthorized person, the theft detection system kicks in and the owner gets the SMS within 15 to 20 seconds. There may be slight delay, if any due to mobile network. Central Arduino sends signal to control section in real time. In this paper, we have proposed a novel method of vehicle tracking and locking systems used to track the theft vehicle by using GPS and GSM technology. This system puts into the sleeping mode vehicle handled by the owner or authorized persons; otherwise goes to active mode. The mode of operations changed by persons or remotely. When the theft identified, the responsible people send SMS to the microcontroller, then issue the control signal to stop the engine motor. After that all the doors locked. To open the doors or to restart the engine authorized person needs to enter the passwords. In this method, easily track the vehicle place and doors lock.



Fig3:Messagealerton mobile

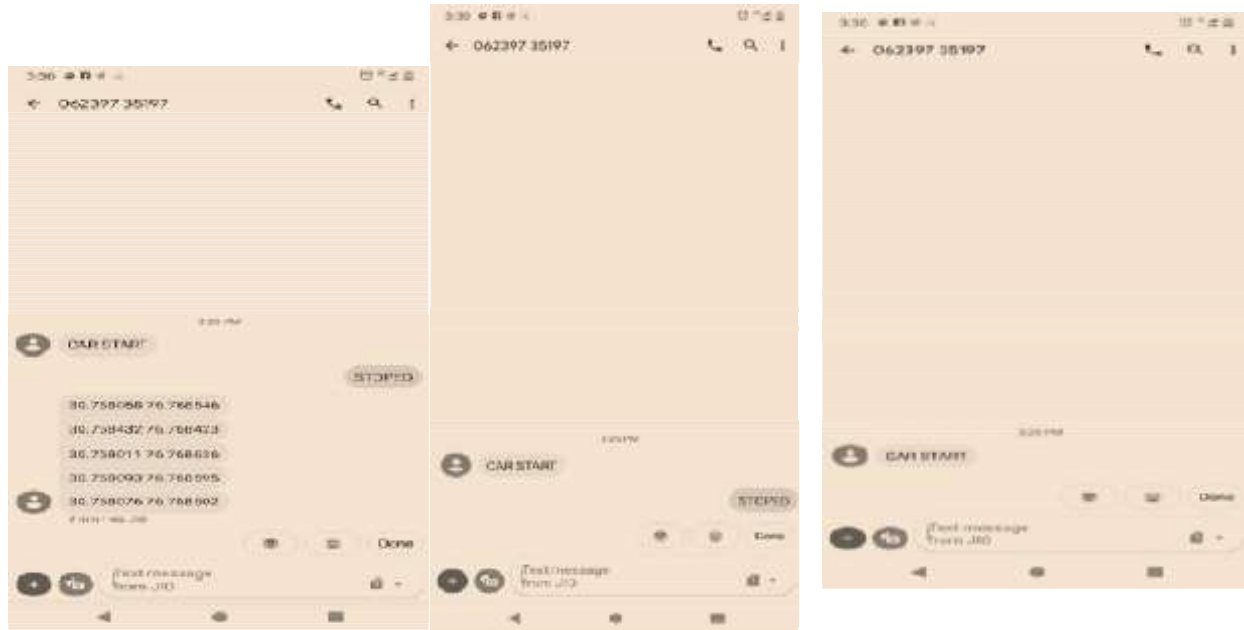


Fig4:Ownerrespondingtomessage

Afterreceivingthealert messagefromthetheftdetectiondevice,theuser responds via ‘STOPED’ messageand after receiving the response fromthe owner mobile, the GPS and GSMmodules keeps tracking and sendingtheupdatedlocation coordinatesevery 10 seconds to the owner mobilenumber.

Figure4.4:Messageshowingcoordinatestracked bydetectiondevice.

REFERENCES

- N. Kaushik, M. Veralkar, Pranab. P, k.Nandkarny,“Anti-theftvehiclesecuritysystem”, International journal for scientificresearch and development, vol. 1, no.12, pp.2845-2848, March 2014.
- S. S. Pethakar, S. D. Suryavanshi, N.Srivastava,“RFID,GPSandGSMbasedvehicltracingandemployeeecuritysystem”, International Journal of AdvancedResearchinComputerScienceandElectronics Engineering, vol. 1, no. 10, pp.91-96,Dec. 2012.
- B.G.Nagaraja,Mahesh.M,R.Rayappa,C.M.Patil,“Designanddevelopment of a GSM based vehicle theftcontrolsystem”,presentedattheInternationalConferenceonAdvancedComputerControl,Singapore , January2009
- [4]M.A.Khedher,“HybridGPS-GSMlocalization of automobile tracking system”,Internationaljournalofcomputerscienceandtechnology,Vol.3,no.6,pp.75-85, December2011
- N. Kaushik, M. Veralkar, Pranab. P, k.Nandkarny,“Anti-theftvehiclesecuritysystem”,Internationaljournalforscientific



research and development, vol. 1, no.12, pp.2845-2848, March 2014.

S.S.Pethakar, S.D.Suryavanshi, N.Srivastava, "RFID, GPS and GSM based vehicle tracking and employees security system", International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Electronics Engineering, vol. 1, no. 10, pp.91-96, Dec. 2012.

B.G.Nagaraja, Mahesh.M, R.Rayappa, C.M.Patil, "Design and development of a GSM based vehicle theft control system", presented at the International Conference on Advanced Computer Control, Singapore, January 2009.

Karl Koscher, Alexei Czeskis, Franziska Roesner, Shwetak Patel, Stephen Checkoway, Damon McCoy, Brian Kantor, Danny Anderson, Hovav Shacham, and Stefan Savage, "Tadayoshi Kohno, Experimental Security Analysis of a Modern Automobile", IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy, 2010.

http://www.rmiiia.org/auto/auto_theft/statistics.asp

Pankaj Verma and Bhatia J.S, "Design and Development of Gps-Gsm based Tracking System with Google map Based Monitoring" International Journal of Computer Science, Engineering and Applications (IJCSEA) Vol.3, No.3, June 2013.

Author's Profile:

Mr. YELLA JAYA SAI AVINASH, is presently studying Final year of B.Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering in prestigious Sri Indu Institute Of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, T.S, India.

Email: yellajayasaiaavinash@gmail.com

Mr. POLAMGARIRAJASHEKAR

REDDY, is presently studying Final year of B.Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering in prestigious Sri Indu Institute

Of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, T.S, India. Email: rajashekar0675@gmail.com

Mr. RANABOTHURAGHUVARDHAN

REDDY, is presently studying Final year of B.Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering in prestigious Sri Indu Institute Of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, T.S, India

Email: raghuvardhanreddyramabothu@gmail.com

Mr. JADDUKARTHIK, is presently studying Final year of B.Tech in Electronics and Communication Engineering in prestigious Sri Indu Institute Of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, T.S, India.

Email: jaddu.karthik@gmail.com

Dr. D.LAKSHMAIAH, worked as a professor of Electronics and Communication Engineering in prestigious Sri Indu Institute Of Engineering and Technology, Hyderabad, T.S, India. Presently, he is working as the Head Of Electronics and Communication Engineering Department. He is guiding students and enhancements of VLSI, and he also published several books on VLSI.